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6283

VERHALEN

Nursery Stock

Fall 1938

Wholesale Only

Standard and Unusual Nursery Stock

VERHALEN NURSERY COMPANY
Scottsville, Texas

Worth Reading

Zone No. 1 delivered prices are for truckloads delivered by us within the distances of Wichita Falls, Mineral Wells, Temple, Hearne, Galveston, Port Arthur, Alexandria, Monroe, La., and Eldorado, Ark.

Zone No. 2 delivered prices are for truckloads delivered by us outside of Zone No. 1 as far as Abilene, Brownwood, San Antonio, Corpus Christi, Lake Charles, La., Vicksburg, Miss., Little Rock and Fort Smith, Ark.

Carloads may be shipped at a saving over truck delivery on a special low balled and burlapped rate of 25% of the first class rate on an 18,000 pound minimum; and on 20% of the first class rate on a 30,000 pound minimum. Your railroad agent can quote you exact carload rate or we will quote it promptly. Cars may be stopped enroute three times for partial unloading at $6.30 for each stop.

Approximate weight of balled plants are:

Under 18 inches	12 to 22 lbs.
18 to 24 inches	30 to 40 lbs.
2 to 3 and 3 to 4 feet	40 to 60 lbs.
5 to 6 feet	100 to 200 lbs.
Larger plants	up to 1200 lbs.

Scottsville is in Harrison County, Northeast, Texas, where nursery stock, along with natural plant life, becomes dormant in October, goes through normal winter temperatures of 20 degrees above zero and does not break into spring growth until late February or early March, thus producing hard, fully dormant nursery stock which ships safely anywhere.

We Sell at Wholesale Only—Not One Plant at Retail

MEMBER OF

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN
TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN
TEXAS STATE FLORISTS' ASSOCIATION
OKLAHOMA NURSERYMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Wholesale Price List

Fall 1938 - Spring 1939

+

Verhalen Nursery Co.

Scottsville, Texas

Telephone Marshall, Texas 29-F2

Telegrams: Western Union, Scottsville, Texas

Our evergreens are grown on moderately rich, firm, but porous soil which permits the ball of earth to readily unite with the soil into which it may be planted. All of the balls are flat bottomed and uniform in dimensions according to the size of the plant. These are valuable factors.

CONIFERS

Balled and Burlapped (B&B) unless otherwise noted.

BIOTA orientalis aurea conspicua—Goldspire Arbor Vitae. Conspicuous golden foliage.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
24-30 in.			
30-36 in.			

BIOTA orientalis aurea nana—Berckman's Golden Arbor Vitae.

12-15 in.	
15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	
3 - 4 ft.	

BIOTA orientalis pyramidalis bakeri—Baker's Hybrid Arbor Vitae. Tall, cone shaped, green.

18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	
6 - 7 ft.	

BIOTA orientalis—Chinese Arbor Vitae. Sheared, a favorite for hedging and screens.

3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	
6 - 8 ft.	

CEDRUS atlantica—Mount Atlas Cedar. Upright, silver blue, similar to the northern spruces.

A few nice specimen plants from
3 - 4 ft. to 8 - 10 ft. well sheared ASK FOR PRICES

CEDRUS deodara—Deodar or Himalayan Cedar. Most graceful evergreen tree for the south.

A few nice specimen plants from
8 to 10 feet, well sheared ASK FOR PRICES

BERCKMAN'S GOLDEN ARBOR VITAE
BAKER ARBOR VITAE TO RIGHT

CUNNINGHAMIA lanceolata—Chinese Fir. Very odd, sharp point-leaved tree. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____

CUPRESSUS arizonica—Arizona Cypress. Compact, well sheared, shapely.

3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____

CUPRESSUS arizonica verhaleni—Arizona Cypress. Verhalen type from cuttings. Soft, graceful growing; brilliant blue, broad pyramid, finest of all.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____

CUPRESSUS sempervirens—Italian Cypress. Narrow strain; cutting grown.

3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____
7 - 8 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS chinensis—Chinese Juniper, sheared, compact.

Some beautiful specimens from
6 - 7 up to 12 ft._____ ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS chinensis albovariegata—Whiteleaf Juniper.

18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
30-36 in. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS chinensis columnaris—Chinese Columnar Juniper, green.

3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____
Some large specimens for landscape work _____ ASK FOR PRICES

PFITZER JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS chinensis densa glauca—A very select pyramidal silvery gray, dense Juniper.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			

JUNIPERUS chinensis mascula—Pyramidal Juniper. A very fine type of upright fancy green juniper.

3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft	
6 - 7 ft.	

JUNIPERUS chinensis pfitzeriana—Pfitzer Juniper.

12-15 in.	
15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	

JUNIPERUS chinensis sargenti—Sargent Juniper, green. Dwarf, slow growing, prostrate. Fills nooks and small spaces between rocks.

12-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	

JUNIPERUS chinensis sylvestris—Reeves or Sylvestris Juniper. Its especial attraction is its soft green two types of foliage and thickly covered irregular side branches.

2 - 3 ft.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	
6 - 7 ft.	
7 - 8 ft.	

JUNIPERUS communis ashfordi—Ashford Juniper. The new, broadly upright, perfect hedge juniper.

15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	

SYLVESTRIS JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS communis columnaris—English Columnar Juniper. Graceful, pillar-like.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			

JUNIPERUS communis columnaris kiyonoi—Kiyono Juniper. New, should be used for medium height columnar effects. Does not sunburn.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			
6 - 7 ft.			
7 - 8 ft.			

JUNIPERUS hibernica fastigiata. An exceedingly narrow form of Irish Juniper. Does not burn in Texas climate like Irish.

30-36 in.			
3 - 4 ft.			

JUNIPERUS communis depressa plumosa—Andorra Juniper. Beautiful, green, flatly horizontal; takes a deep plum color from fall until spring; hardy everywhere.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

JUNIPERUS communis depressa vase shape—Vase Shape Juniper. Does not sunburn.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

VASE SHAPE JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS conferta (litoralis)—Shore Juniper, light green, soft foliage, prostrate; branchlets growing upright to 12 inches.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			
30-36 in.			
3 - 4 ft.			

JUNIPERUS excelsa stricta—Spiny Greek Juniper. Sheared excellent specimens.

9 -12 in.	
12-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
2 - 3 ft.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	

JUNIPERUS japonica (procumbens)—Japanese Juniper. Low flat growing; thick, heavy, dark green foliage.

15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
24-30 in.	
30-36 in.	
3 - 4 ft.	

JUNIPERUS japonica (procumbens)—Japanese Juniper. Upright-trained specimens. Dwarf novelty. Unusually attractive.

2 - 3 ft.	
2 - 3 ft. Extras	
Specimens	ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS japonica erecta—Upright Japanese Juniper. Many branches, deep vase like; foliage soft, bright green; a new style and color for landscaping.

12-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
2 - 3 ft.	
3 - 4 ft.	

UPRIGHT VON EHRON JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS virginiana kosteri—Koster Juniper. Quicker growing than Pfitzer; bluer in color. Some prefer it to Pfitzer.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			

JUNIPERUS sabina—Savin Juniper. Spreading Juniper, deep green.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

JUNIPERUS sabina tamariscifolia—Tamarix-leaved Savin Juniper. Dwarf; rock gardens.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			

JUNIPERUS sabina von ehron—Von Ehron Juniper. A broader, faster growing form of Savin Juniper.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

JUNIPERUS sabina von ehron—Uprightly-trained Von Ehron Juniper. An unusual new landscape form; trained to 6 feet tall. Looks like and usable as a dwarfed Cannart Juniper.

3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			

TRAINED JAPANESE JUNIPER

Grafted Scopulorum Varieties

JUNIPERUS scopulorum—Blue Moon. Silvery gray. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS scopulorum—Fraser. Silvery.
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS scopulorum—Moonlight. Silvery, open bodied; foliage mostly in flat panels; suitable for prominent positions; very attractive.
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS scopulorum—North Star. Compact, green, upright; does not turn brown in winter.
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS scopulorum—Silver Glow. Glistening silvery blue, compact. Most popular of the Scopulorums.
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS scopulorum pendula—Weeping Juniper. A close-growing, very compact silvery type.
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

JUNIPERUS squamata meyeri—Meyer or Fishtail Juniper. A silvery blue thick, heavy foliaged, odd, unevenly growing dwarf juniper. Especially good for rock gardens or other important positions. Very slow growing.
12-15 in. _____
15-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
30-36 in. _____

ANDORRA JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS virginiana—Red Cedar. Sheared; an exceedingly comely form admired by all.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			
6 - 7 ft.			
7 - 8 ft.			

Larger specimens for landscaping ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS virginiana burki—Burk Red Cedar. A silvery, evenly formed attractive Red Cedar. Preferred over juniperus virginiana glauca.

3 - 4 ft.
4 - 5 ft.
5 - 6 ft.

JUNIPERUS virginiana cannarti—Cannart Red Cedar. Foliage heavily tufted, deep green.

4 - 5 ft.
5 - 6 ft.
6 - 7 ft.
7 - 8 ft.

Larger specimens for landscaping ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS virginiana elegantissima—Gold Tip Red Cedar. Horizontal growing; the ends of branches are prominently golden.

3 - 4 ft.
4 - 5 ft.
5 - 6 ft.

Larger specimens for landscaping ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS virginiana glauca—Silver Red Cedar. The well known popular variety.

4 - 5 ft.
5 - 6 ft.
6 - 7 ft.
7 - 8 ft.

Larger specimens for landscaping ASK FOR PRICES

JUNIPERUS virginiana Globosa. Very compact, pea green form for base planting; ultimate height 4 feet.

18-24 in.
24-30 in.
30-36 in.

SILVER GLOW JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS virginiana keteleeri—Keteleer Red Cedar. Pyramidal, dark green.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			

JUNIPERUS virginiana pyramidaformia hilli—Dundee Juniper. A narrow pyramid cedar which takes a deep plum color after frost.

3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	
6 - 7 ft.	

JUNIPERUS virginiana smithi—Smith Red Cedar. An outstanding green form well worth giving a prominent position in a planting.

3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	
5 - 6 ft.	

LIBOCEDRUS decurrens—Incense Cedar. Broad, flat, fanshaped foliage.

ASK FOR PRICES

PINUS taeda—Loblolly Pine. Native to East Texas; nursery grown.

ASK FOR PRICES

PINUS tanyosho—Japanese Table Pine. Dwarf. A good substitute where Mugho Pine will not grow.

ASK FOR PRICES

BOX WOOD

BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS

Balled and Burlapped except where noted.
NB—Not Balled.

ABELIA grandiflora—Glossy Abelia.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
6 -12 in. NB hedging grade			
12-18 in. NB hedging grade			
18-24 in. NB hedging grade			
2 - 3 ft. NB hedging grade			
3 - 4 ft. NB hedging grade			
2 - 3 ft. bushy			
3 - 4 ft. bushy			
3 - 4 ft. Specimens			

AGARITA (Berberis) trifoliata—Agarita. Evergreen shrub; three holly-like bluish green leaflets; red berries in early summer.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

AGARITA (Berberis) Swazeyi—Swazey's Agarita. Similar to above except has seven green leaflets. Red berries.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

BACCHARIS halimifolia—Winter Willow. Evergreen shrub covered with white feathery seeds for about one month in fall.

4 - 5 ft.			

BUXUS sempervirens—Boxwood. True dwarf.

9 -12 in. mediums			
12-15 in. mediums			
15-18 in. mediums			
18-24 in. mediums			
24-30 in. mediums			
30-36 in. mediums			
18-24 in. heavy			
24-30 in. heavy			
30-36 in. heavy			
36-42 in. heavy			

BUXUS sempervirens, cont'd. Globes, Pyramids and special selections. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2

18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
30-36 in. _____
36-42 in. _____

COTONEASTER bakeri—Cotoneaster species. Dwarf, for rock gardens and low borders; gray foliage.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

COTONEASTER franchetti—Franchett Cotoneaster. Gray foliage, red berries.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

COTONEASTER horizontalis—Rock Cotoneaster, dwarf.

ASK FOR PRICES

ELEAGNUS reflexa—Bronze Eleagnus.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ELEAGNUS macrophylla. Large leaf.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ELEAGNUS fruitlandi.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ELEAGNUS simoni.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ERIOBOTRYA japonica—Loquat. A tall growing unusually large-leaved attractive, different, evergreen.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ESCALLONIA glutinosa—Escallonia. Everblooming, white flowers, new.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

EUONYMUS patens (seiboldi)—Spreading Euonymus. Light green bush to 10 feet; red seeds partly exposed in yellow jackets.

15-18 in. NB_____
18-24 in. NB_____
24-30 in. NB_____
15-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
30-36 in. _____

EUONYMUS radicans colorata—Wintercreeper. Ground cover for shady places. Fine for terrace walls and buildings.

12-18 in. NB_____
18-24 in. NB_____
2 - 3 ft. NB_____
12-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

WISTERIA-R

EUONYMUS janonica—Japanese Euonymus.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
15-18 in. NB			
18-24 in. NB			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

GARDENIA florida—Cape Jasmine.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

GELSEMIUM sempervirens—Carolina Jasmine. Vine, tubular yellow flowers.

Medium			
Heavy			
Extra Heavy			

HEDERA helix—English Ivy. Excellent for climbing and for shady ground cover.

Out of Pots—			
3 plants to pot			
Well rooted cuttings			

EE FORM

ILEX cassine—Dahoon Holly. Heavily berried with bright red berries.

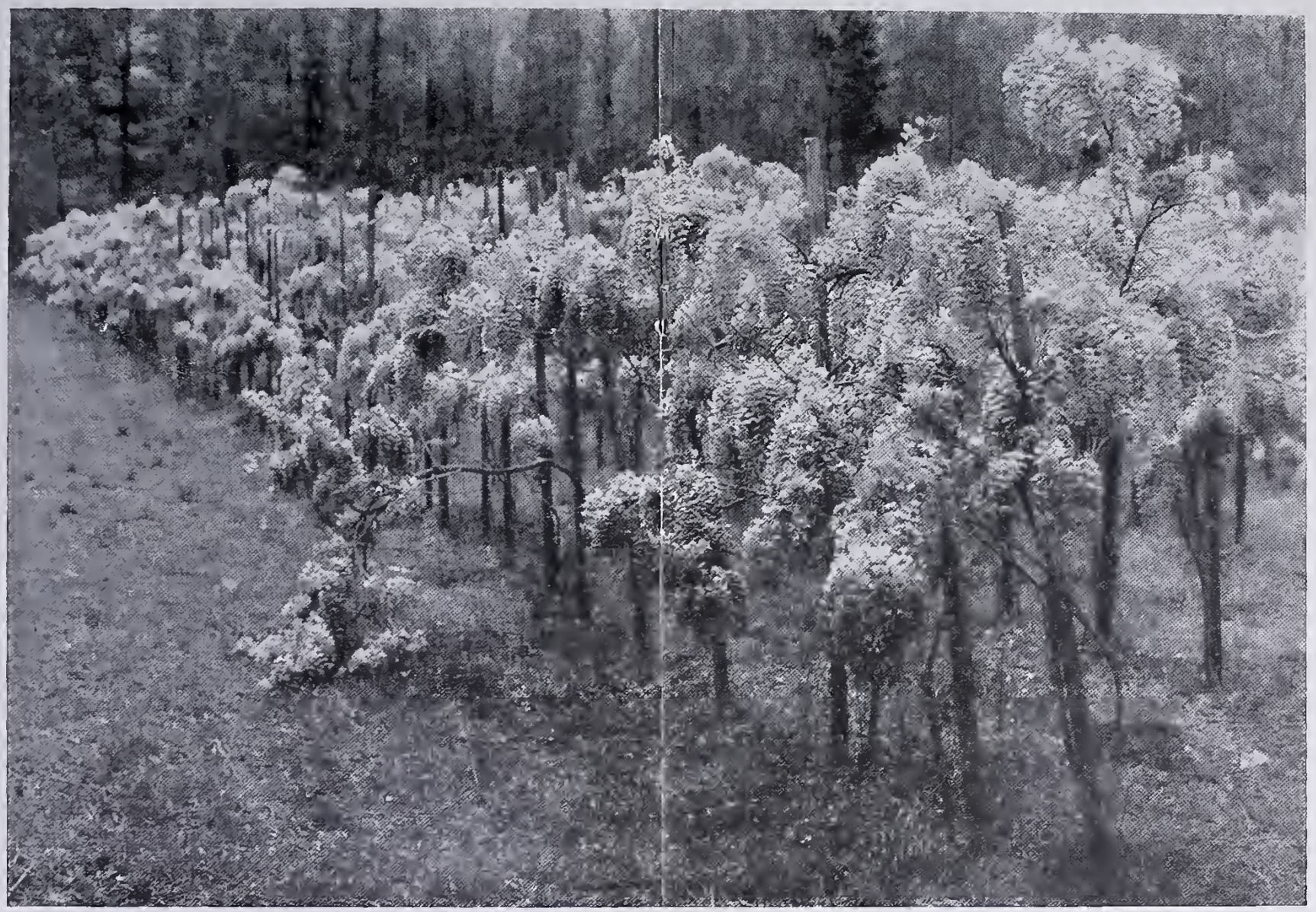
	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			
6 - 7 ft.			

ILEX cornuta—Chinese Horned Holly; seedlings.

15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
2 - 3 ft.	
3 - 4 ft.	
4 - 5 ft.	

ILEX cornuta—Chinese Horned Holly. Propagated from berry-bearing plants.

15-18 in.	
18-24 in.	
2 - 3 ft.	
3 - 4 ft.	



WISTERIA—TREE FORM

EUONYMUS janonica—Japanese Euonymus.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
15-18 in. NB			
18-24 in. NB			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

GARDENIA florida—Cape Jasmine.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

GELSEMIUM sempervirens—Carolina Jasmine. Vine, tubular yellow flowers.

Medium			
Heavy			
Extra Heavy			

HEDERA helix—English Ivy. Excellent for climbing and for shady ground cover.

Out of Pots—			
3 plants to pot			
Well rooted cuttings			

ILEX cassine—Dahoon Holly. Heavily berried with bright red berries.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			
6 - 7 ft.			

ILEX cornuta—Chinese Horned Holly; seedlings.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			

ILEX cornuta—Chinese Horned Holly. Propagated from berry-bearing plants.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

ILEX cornuta bufordi. A round leaf selected type, not carrying the spines of Ilex Cornuta. This is always a femina and will berry within two or three years after planting. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2

15-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ILEX crenata rotundifolia—Japanese Holly, roundleaved. Splendid new dark green spineless holly for formal design work; makes a fine hedge.

15-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
30-36 in. _____

ILEX opaca—American Holly, males.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

ILEX opaca—American Holly, from berry-bearing plants.

3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____
7 - 8 ft. _____

ILEX decidua—Deciduous Holly. Defoliates in late fall but brilliant red berries remain until spring.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

ILEX vomitoria—Youpon Holly. Well sheared, compact.

18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____
18-24 in. berried_____
24-30 in. berried_____

CAROLINA Jasmine—See Gelsemium.

JASMINUM humile—Florida, Mexican or Italian Jasmine.

12-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

JASMINUM nudiflorum—Winter Jasmine. Yellow flowers before leaves appear.

12-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

JASMINUM primulinum—Primrose Jasmine. Yellow flowers. More vigorous bush than humile and nudiflorum.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

LAUROCERASUS caroliniana—Cherry Laurel. Well sheared, compact.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

ILEX ROTUNDIFOLIA

LAVENDURA vera—True Lavender. Purple flowers, light gray dwarf herb. Good for edgings and borders. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2

12-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____

LEUCOPHYLLUM texanum—Senisa—Sage-like shrub. Abundant orchid colored flowers after every summer rain.

18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

LIGUSTRUM coriaceum—Dwarf Ligustrum. Odd shaped, glossy leaved; grows only a few inches a year. Useful individually and for formal low hedges and borders.

12-15 in. _____
15-18 in. _____
18-24 in. _____
24-30 in. _____

LIGUSTRUM japonica—Japanese Privet. Grafted plants.

2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 7 ft. _____

LIGUSTRUM lucidum compacta—Waxleaf Privet.

18-24 in. and up, 1 year olds, 6 or more branches_____
2 - 3 ft. well branched_____
3 - 4 ft. well branched_____
3 - 4 ft. Extras_____
4 - 5 ft. Extras_____

LIGUSTRUM lucidum erecta—Upright Waxleaf Privet.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
18-24 in. and up, 1 year olds, 6 or more branches			
2 - 3 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. Extras			
4 - 5 ft. Extras			

LIGUSTRUM lucidum nepalense—Nepal Privet.

18-24 in. and up, yearlings, 6 or more branches			
2 - 3 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. Extras			
4 - 5 ft. Extras			

LIGUSTRUM lucidum repandum—Crinklyleaf Privet.

18-24 in. and up, yearlings, 6 or more branches			
2 - 3 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. well branched			
3 - 4 ft. Extras			
4 - 5 ft. Extras			

LONICERA belgica—Belgian Honeysuckle. Pink, bush.

1 year field NB			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

LONICERA halleana—Hall's Japan Honeysuckle. White climbing vine.

No. 1 NB			
No. 2 NB			

LONICERA heckrotti—Heckrott Honeysuckle. Pinkish-red; everblooming, staked and sheared to bush form.

1 year field NB			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

LONICERA sempervirens—Red Coral Honeysuckle. Everblooming, red; usable as either bush or vine. Staked plants, heavy.

1 year field NB			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

MAGNOLIA grandiflora—Southern Magnolia. Evergreen tree.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			

MAGNOLIA soulangeana nigra—Purple Lily Magnolia, shrub, not evergreen. Dark purple flowers before leaves in spring.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

MAHONIA aquifolia—Oregon Grape.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			

MAHONIA bealli—Leatherleaf Mahonia. Shade grown.

9 -12 in.			

MYRTIS communis—Roman Myrtle.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

LIGUSTRUM WAXLEAF PRIVET

MYRICA cerifera—Southern Waxmyrtle. Leaves spicily fragrant. Bears blue cedar-like berries on branches.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

NANDINA domestica—Nandina.

9 -12 in.			
12-15 in.			
15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			
30-36 in.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			

OSMANTHUS fortunei—Tea Olive. Attractive relative to Holly family.

18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			
30-36 in.			

PHOTINIA glabra—Smooth leaf, brilliantly colored spring and fall.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

PHOTINIA serrulata—Saw-toothed Photinia.

1 year grafts, 18 in. and up			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			
5 - 6 ft.			

PYRACANTHA atalantioides—New, upright, hardy, red fruits which color early in fall.

12-18 in. out of pots			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

PYRACANTHA lalandi—Laland Firethorn. Upright growing, orange fruits, hardy.

12-18 in. out of pots			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

RHUS virens—Evergreen Sumac. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____

STRANVAESIA davidiana—Stranvaesia. Brightly colored foliage, scarlet fruits.
2 - 3 ft. _____

GRASSES, YUCCAS, CACTI

CORTADERIA argentea—Pampas Grass. Large white plumes. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2
Medium clumps _____

DASYLIRION texanum—Sotol. Slender, green, saw-edged leaves, white flowers. Useful in formal planting.
Medium _____
Heavy _____

OPUNTIA—Spineless Cactus. Suited for planting near homes and for Spanish or desert style residences.
Clumps, 6 or more slabs NB____
Clumps, 6 or more slabs_____

YUCCA filamentosa variegata—Goldedge Yucca. White flowering; hardy into northern Ohio.
Up to 18 in. NB_____
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

DECIDUOUS

Not balled (NB) unless otherwise noted.

ACER palmatum—Japanese Maple, blood red. Grafted plants. F.O.B. Zone 1 Zone 2
18-24 in. B&B_____
2 - 3 ft. B&B_____
3 - 4 ft. B&B_____
4 - 5 ft. B&B_____

BUDDLEIA farquhari—Dwarf Butterfly Bush. Lavender flowers, everblooming.
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

BUDDLEIA alternifolia. A gorgeous shrub for the south. Growth and habit similar to Bridal Wreath Spirea. Covers itself with lavender flowers about 3 weeks later than Bridal Wreath. A sure bloomer, not affected by frost.
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

BUDDLEIA Ile de France—Dwarf Butterfly Bush. Wine colored flowers. Everblooming.
18-24 in. _____
2 - 3 ft. _____

CERCIS canadensis—Redbud, Judas Tree.
2 - 3 ft. _____
3 - 4 ft. _____
4 - 5 ft. _____
5 - 6 ft. _____
6 - 8 ft. _____

REDBUD TREE

CERCIS chinensis—Chinese Redbud. Dwarf, close-leaved, shrub.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
2 - 3 ft. B&B			
3 - 4 ft. B&B			
4 - 5 ft. B&B			

CITRUS trifoliata—Hardy Orange. Its odd growth and abundant crop of fragrant small oranges bring bright fall and winter color to a planting.

2 - 3 ft. B&B			
3 - 4 ft. B&B			
4 - 5 ft. B&B			

CHILOPSIS linearis—Flowering or Desert Willow. Summer flowering, large orchid-pink flowers.

3 - 4 ft.			
4 - 5 ft.			

CORNUS florida—White Dogwood.

2 - 3 ft. B&B			
3 - 4 ft. B&B			
4 - 5 ft. B&B			
5 - 6 ft. B&B			

FORSYTHIA intermedia spectabilis—Showy Border Forsythia. Large yellow flowers, early blooming.

3 - 4 ft.			

HYPERICUM americanum. Erect grower, very free flowering, golden yellow.

18-24 in.			

LAGERSTROEMIA indica—Dwarf Crepe Myrtle. Watermelon red. The true dwarf type.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
12-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft. B&B			
3 - 4 ft. B&B			

PERSIAN LILAC. The best of all for the south.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

LIGUSTRUM amurensis—Amoor River South Privet.

18-24 in. transplanted, well branched			
2 - 3 ft. transplanted, well branched			
3 - 4 ft. transplanted, well branched			

LIGUSTRUM amurensis—Variety, Baby Doll. A compact uniform small leaf variation.

3 - 4 ft. heavy			

SAGERETIA theesans—Sageretia. Shrub suitable for hedge or highway planting.

2 - 3 ft.			

SALIX babylonica annularis (crispa)—Ringleaf Willow. Very odd, each leaf curled into a ringlet. Grows tall but branches weep. Decided novelty.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

SALIX matsudana—Japanese Willow. Another very odd novelty. Upright growing; trunk, branches and leaves are all pretty wavelets.

5 - 6 ft.			
6 - 7 ft.			

SPIREA anthony waterer—Deep rose color.

Up to 8 in. bushy			
12-15 in. bushy			
15-18 in. bushy			

SPIREA prunifolia—Plumleaved Spirea. Glossy foliage; early, double white flowers.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			
2 - 3 ft. B&B			
3 - 4 ft. B&B			
4 - 5 ft. B&B			

SPIREA reevesi floro pleno—Reeves Spirea. This is the real double flowering Bridal Wreath, heretofore unobtainable.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

SPIREA thunbergi—Thunberg Spirea. Dainty white flowers and dainty thin leaves; earliest to bloom in spring.

15-18 in.			
18-24 in.			
24-30 in.			

SYMPHORICARPUS vulgaris—Coralberry. Like a string of red coral beads in the winter when nothing else is bright.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

AMOOR RIVER NORTH PRIVET

TEXAS BUCKEYE. Native to Texas.
True red flowers.

	F.O.B.	Zone 1	Zone 2
12-24 in.			

UNGNADIA speciosa—Spanish Buckeye. Pretty pea-like lavender flowers early on a nice shrub.

2 - 3 ft.			
3 - 4 ft.			

WEIGELA Abel Carriere. Similar in color to Rosea. Blooms intermittently all summer.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

WEIGELA rosea—Pink flowered Weigela, good foliage.

18-24 in.			
2 - 3 ft.			

WISTERIA chinensis—Wisteria. Propagated from plants which bloom before the leaves appear. Make a wonderful spring display. Should be dug and delivered by February 1st.

Medium			
Number 1			
3 - ft. B&B good heads			
3 - ft. B&B large heads			
3 - 4 ft. B&B large heads			
4 - 5 ft. B&B large heads			
5 - 6 ft. B&B large heads			

PATENTED ROSES

	Wholesale 1 to 20	Wholesale Over 20	Retail Each	Retail Dozen
BLACK KNIGHT— Flower medium size, 25 to 35 petals. Color garnet-maroon, appearing almost black when viewed from a distance				
DREAM PARADE— A parade of pastel shades from spring until fall. Color changes from month to month				
FEU PERNET-DUCHER— Creamy buds, slowly opening to spiral flowers of rich yellow, growing lighter toward the edges, 80 to 100 petals				
GLORIANA— A clear yellow, slightly streaked carmine; does not burn in the hottest weather; 35 petals. Upright growing bush				
IRELAND HAMPTON— Best described as a glorified Mme. Edouard Herriott, but is a stronger grower. Color, orange pink				
LUIS BRINAS— Fine pointed buds of orange-copper open slowly, the petals curling back, making a starry flower with a high center, from 40 to 45 petals				
MME. COCHET-COCHET— Long pointed buds of coppery pink, flushed orange, open to 4½ inch flowers of splendid form with 20 to 40 petals; the plants are vigorous with good foliage				
NELLIE E. HILLOCK— Brilliant deep pink, large to very large flower, two-tone lighter pink inside than outside, strong stems, 40 to 60 petals				
STERLING— Strong upright growing foliage, disease resistant with perfect shaped fragrant flowers of brilliant pink. From bud stage to dropping of petals there is absolutely no loss of color or brilliancy no matter how hot the sun. The form of the flower is all that could be asked. Its lasting qualities are better than most. Long stems make it unusually good for cutting. A beautiful Rose of sterling qualities and a great future				
TEXAS CENTENNIAL— Bud is long-pointed, opening into a large flower, carried on a long stem. Color is nopal-red				

MEMORANDUM

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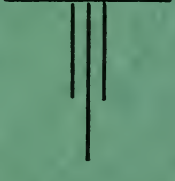
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